

Haskell*

PrimeFan[†]

2013-03-21 22:12:42

Haskell is a computer programming language designed by a committee in 1990 to consolidate the best features of the many purely functional programming languages that were created in the late 1980s. Haskell is thus neither a procedural programming language nor an object-oriented one, although it offers monads such as `do` to support procedural programming and classes with inheritance to support object-oriented programming (there is also a variant of Haskell called O'Haskell which includes more support for object-oriented programming). In general, Haskell programs are most naturally written declaratively.

The standard version of the language is Haskell 98; Haskell 2007 hasn't been released yet but is expected to be only a minor revision of Haskell 98.

The standard Haskell prelude includes the function `gcd`, which computes the greatest common divisor of two integers. The following Haskell code is a reimplementaion of the `gcd` function.

```
-- gcd.hs -- compute the gcd of two integers
-- View this page in TeX mode for documentation and license.

mygcd :: Int -> Int -> Int
mygcd m n
  | (n < 0)    = mygcd m (abs n)
  | (n == 0)  = m
  | (m < n)    = mygcd n m
  | otherwise = mygcd n (mymod m n)

mydiv :: Int -> Int -> Int
mydiv m n
  | (m < 0)    = negate (mydiv (negate m) n)
  | (n < 0)    = negate (mydiv m (negate n))
  | (m < n)    = 0
  | otherwise = 1 + mydiv (m-n) n
```

**Haskell* created: *(2013-03-21)* by: *(PrimeFan)* version: *(39019)* Privacy setting: *(1)*
(Definition) *(68N15)*

[†]This text is available under the Creative Commons Attribution/Share-Alike License 3.0. You can reuse this document or portions thereof only if you do so under terms that are compatible with the CC-BY-SA license.

```
mymod :: Int -> Int -> Int
mymod m n = m - n * (mydiv m n)
```